Phallus multicolor Berk. & Broome, 1882

Synonym: Dictyphora multicolor

Egg: The immature fruiting body is a

cream-brownish egg shape, to 30 mm diameter, encasing the stinkhorn in a gelatinous substance. White rhizomorphs (root like threads) at the base. The egg like sac splits to release the rapidly expanding receptacle (fruiting body) and leaves a volva (sac remains) at

the base.



Stipe: To 230 mm high and to 35 mm

diameter, narrowing at both ends, spongy, hollow, white to

pinkish or orange.

Pileus (cap): Conical, orange – deep yellow,

to 40 x to 30 mm pitted and ridged with a net-like pattern and with a hole in the tip.

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This is covered by the gleba (fertile spore mass) – an olive-brown spore-bearing slime, which is cleared by insects, thus exposing a lemon to deep golden yellow

surface.

Indusium: A delicate, net-like mesh hangs from the top of the stipe, directly beneath the cap and

falls skirt-like to about halfway down the stipe; it can look "inflated" or flared.

Lemon or ochre -yellow, orange or salmon coloured.

Spores: $3.5 - 4.5 \times 1.5 - 2.5 \mu m$, cylindrical, smooth, clear.

Habitat: Solitary or gregarious in forests or urban gardens, woodchip beds.

Year round in Qld, common. Often smelled before seen.