Amanita sp PL140417



Amanita sp PL 140417 © Pat Leonard

Cap: shallowly convex becoming applanate to centrally depressed; 60 - 70 mm diameter; glabrous, dry; mouse grey, grey brown (5E3, 5E4); with pale grey velar remains arranged in concentric rings which are more frequent towards the margin. **Stipe:** clavate with a bulbous base and a narrower mycelial column below; caespitose; $50 - 70 \times 10 - 15$ mm; glabrous; white; with a pale grey ring which has a darker margin.

Gills: adnexed to almost free; crowded; white; with lamellulae present in one series.

Flesh: thin, white.

Smell: strong; agaricoid. Spore print: white.

Spores: broadly ellipsoid; $5.8 - 7.7 \times 4.3 - 5.8 \mu m$, average $6.5 \pm 0.4 \times 5.3 \pm 0.3 \mu m$,

Q = 1.09 - 1.41, average $Q = 1.24 \pm 0.08$; amyloid.

Basidia: clavate; $30 - 40 \times 9 - 12 \mu m$; with dark granular contents; four spored.

Cheilocystidia: clavate to subcapitate; $40 - 50 \times 9 - 12 \mu m$.

Pleurocystidia: absent.

Pileipellis: an irregular cutis of repent hyphae overlain by ovoid to pyriform velar

cells.

Substrate: in sandy soil.

Habitat: wet sclerophyl forest with Eucalyptus.

Notes: this species looks a little like the northern hemisphere *A. spissa*, but is has much smaller spores. It does not appear in Wood's key to *Amanita*, appears to be an undescribed species.

Collections examined: PL 140417, Tewantin National Park, Pat Leonard, 1 Apr 17.