Amanita nauseosa



Amanita nauseosa© Pat Leonard

Cap: convex; 90 - 120 mm diameter; covered in minutely floccose scales and fibrils, buff to warm brown (6C7); margin appendiculate and velar remains covering outer edge of gills at first.

Stipe: cylindrical or tapering somewhat; $90 - 120 \times 12 - 15$ mm; warm brown at apex, buff below; with a large pale ring which is fragile; fibrillose; scaly below the ring.

Gills: free; white at first turning pinkish brown with age.

Flesh: white, unchanging.

Smell: very strong, both sweet and crushed shield bugs; characteristic of the species.

Spore print: white.

Spores: globose to subglobose; $7.5 - 9 \times 7 - 9 \mu m$, Q = 1.06; amyloid.

Basidia: narrowly clavate; $60 - 70 \times 10 - 15 \mu m$, four spored.

Cheilocystidia: clavate, somewhat larger than basidia.

Pleurocystidia: not seen.

Pileipellis: a mixture of hyphae and inflated oblong cells.

Habitat: found in a grassy area next to a remnant of Wallum woodland, probably

associated with Melaleuca.

Notes: this brown *Amanita* is recognised by its warm brown colours and characteristic

smell.

Collections examined: PL 15310, Noosa National Park, Marcus Beach Section, Pat Leonard, 7 March 2010.