Amanita angustispora



Amanita angustispora © Pat Leonard

Cap: convex expanding to applanate; 60 - 100 mm diameter; smooth, glabrous, dry; off-white to pale grey; very few flat membranous scales (after heavy rain); margin slightly appendiculate, not striate.

Stipe: cylindrical and slightly expanded at the base; $90 - 150 \times 12 - 18$ mm; smooth, white, with some flaky scales on the lower half; ring white, pendulous, fragile; volva present, saccate, stipe deeply buried in sand.

Gills: free, thin; white; margin finely serrate; lamellulae in two series.

Flesh: thin, fragile. Smell: not recorded. Spore print: white.

Spores: broadly ellipsoid; $9.5 - 12.5 \times 5.2 - 7.5 \mu m$, average $10.9 \pm 1 \times 6.3 \pm 0.6 \mu m$,

Q = 1.6 - 1.85, average $Q = 1.74 \pm 0.16$; amyloid, thin walled. **Basidia:** narrowly clavate; $40 - 50 \times 7 - 9$ µm, four spored.

Pleurocystidia: absent. Pileipellis: a cutis. Substrate: sand.

Habitat: growing deeply buried in sand alongside a track in Wallum close to

Melaleuca and Allocasuarina.

Notes: this very tall white Amanita is apparently rare in Queensland. Yet its very robust appearance, volva and strongly ellipsoid amyloid spores should make it easy to recognise.

Collections examined: PL44413, Arthur Harold Reserve, Cooloola Section, Great Sandy National Park, Pat Leonard, 12 Apr 2013.