Amanita crematelloides



Amanita crematelloides © Pat Leonard

Cap: convex at first, becoming applanate to centrally depressed; 20–50 mm diameter; cream to grey yellowish brown, with thin granular yellowish to greyish cream velar remains on cap; margin striate.

Stipe: cylindrical with a swollen base; $30-65 \times 5-10$ mm; off-white, glabrous, with no ring; what appear to be velar remains cover lower half of swollen base with a clearly defined edge, looking like a velar sock, but not a volva.

Gills: free, thin, crowded; pale cream; lamellulae absent or in one series.

Flesh: thin, white.

Spore print: white.

Spores: subglobose; $7-8.5 \times 7-8 \mu m$, Q = 1.1; inamyloid in Melzer's.

Basidia: strongly clavate; $30\text{--}40 \times 9\text{--}12 \mu m$; 4-spored.

Cheilocystidia: not seen. Pileipellis: not examined.

Habitat: specimens growing with Eucalyptus grandis in a rainforest habitat.

Notes: A small species with no ring and an elongated bulbous base. Can only be

identified microscopically and then with some difficulty.

Collections examined: PL63408, Linda Garrett Park, Mapleton, 12 Apr 2008; PL10412, Mapleton Forest National Park, Pat Leonard, 16 Apr 2012; PL140313,

Mount Mee National Park, Gretchen Evans, 28 Mar 2013.