## Mycena kuurkacea



Mycena kuurkacea © Pat Leonard

Cap: convex to campanulate; 6 - 15 mm diameter; dry, glabrous to minutely rugulose; red brown (9D7), slightly darker at apex; transluscent striate.

**Stipe:** cylindrical;  $50 - 55 \times 1 - 2$  mm; glabrous; white, shining translucent.

**Gills:** deeply adnate with a small decurrent tooth; 10 - 14 reach stipe, white with a

red brown margin; lamellulae present in 1 or 2 series.

Flesh: thin, white.
Smell: not distinctive.
Spore print: white.

**Spores:** ellipsoid ;  $7 - 8 \times 4 - 5 \mu m$ , Q = 1.6 - 1.7; amyloid.

**Basidia:** narrowly clavate;  $35 - 40 \times 7 - 8.5 \mu m$ ; four spored; sterigmata long.

**Cheilocystidia:** numerous, lageniform;  $45 - 50 \times 8 - 11 \mu m$ .

Pleurocystidia: absent.

**Pileipellis:** a cutis of repent diverticulate hyphae over a sub-pellis of globose to ovoid cells.

**Substrate**: growing in deep litter attached to leaves and twigs of *Eucalyptus* and *Melaleuca*.

**Habitat:** wallum heath with a variety of trees growing on poorly drained acid soils. **Notes:** This collection fits Grgurinovic's description in almost all respects, but the spores are significantly smaller in this Queensland material. This red brown *Mycena* is recognised by its cap colours, very tall stem, the red brown gill edge and presence on litter. It differs from Fuhrer's illustration (199) by having a white stipe.

Collections examined: PL1260317, Arthur Harrold Reserve, Noosa N.P.,

Pat Leonard, 23 Mar 2017.