Fistulinella sp 1



Fistulinella sp 1 © Pat Leonard

Pileus: convex; (immature?); 10-15 mm diameter; glabrous; brown (9E5), dark brown; becoming areolate; margin appendiculate.

Stipe: clavate; $30 - 40 \times 4 - 7$ mm; off-white, glabrous or striate, not reticulate, with white basal mycelium.

Pores: pale straw to brown.

Flesh: white, browning in stem.

Spore print: not observed.

Spores: boletoid, narrow; 16.5 $(10-23) \times 3-5 \mu m$, smooth, hyaline in ammoniacal

solutions, inamyloid.

Pleurocystidia: subfusoid, with a narrow neck; $23-30 \times 5-6.5 \mu m$; hyaline to yellowish in ammoniacal solutions.

Pileipellis: an ixocutis composed of hyphae 5-7 μ m wide, some of which collapse, with gelatinous material. Clamp-connections absent.

Habitat: on soil, humus, podzol; under Eucalyptus umbra in rainforest.

Notes: Watling comments on *Fistulinella prunicolor* as follows: "This is a very interesting collection with a wide spectrum of spore size.' The range nearly covers the sizes presented by Cooke &Massee (18-20 \times 6 μ m; Cooke 1892) and those presented by Watling & Gregory (1989a) (11-13.5 \times 3.8-4.5 μ m), who re-examined the type specimen. If this is so, one wonders whether "Boletus prunicolor" is indeed a species characterised by a wide range of spore size, and therefore whether the present collection comes within the circumscription of Cooke & Massee's taxon. But, the cap is a dark brown and not viscid, so it appears to be a different species.

Collections examined: BRIP 19817, Noosa River rainforest transition, Cooloola, R.T. Baker, 23 Apr 1980.