Russula sp PL84310



Russula sp PL84310 © Megan Prance

Cap: applanate; to 15 mm diameter; velutinous, deep purplish red with a pink margin and almost black centre; less than ½ peeling, margin entire.

Stipe: flattened with a wider apex; 20×5 mm; glabrous; pale pink at apex and base.

Gills: adnate; crowded; white; lamellulae absent.

Flesh: white, unchanging on exposure to air.

Taste: slightly hot.

Chemical reactions: FeSO₄ on stipe: salmon; guaiac on stipe base: nil.

Spore print: white.

Spores: broadly ellipsoid; $7.7 - 8.8 \times 6.4 - 7.7 \,\mu\text{m}$, average $8.1 \pm 0.4 \times 6.9 \pm 0.4 \,\mu\text{m}$; Q = 1.08 - 1.27, average 1.2 ± 0.05; blunt low amyloid warts and fine connectives forming a complete reticulum.

Basidia: clavate; four-spored; $40 - 55 \times 10 - 12 \mu m$; sterigmata short, $< 4 \mu m$.

Cheilocystidia: fusoid; $45 - 60 \times 8 - 12 \mu m$

Pleurocystidia: fusoid, thin-walled; $30 - 50 \times 8 - 12 \mu m$.

Dermatocystidia: absent.

Pileipellis: an irregular trichoderm.

Habitat: growing singly in wet sclerophyll forest with *Eucalyptus pilularis*.

Notes: a very small species, with a very brightly coloured cap and finely reticulate

spores. May be the same as *R*. sp PL83310!

Collections examined: PL84310, Palmwoods National Park, Mt Tamborine, Megan Prance, 21 March 2010.

QUEENSLAND FUNGAL RECORD © Queensland Mycological Society Original author: P.Leonard Last updated: 25 November 2021