Russula sp PL25410



Russula sp PL25410 © Pat Leonard

Cap: centrally depressed; to 80 mm diameter; glabrous, subviscid at first; greyish

brown; ½ to ½ peeling; margin entire.

Stipe: cylindrical; solid; 40×15 mm, greyish.

Gills: decurrent, greyish brown, lamellulae present.

Flesh: solid greyish brown.

Taste: mild

Chemical reactions: FeSO₄ on stipe: salmon; guaiac on stipe base: negative.

Spore print: white.

Spores: ellipsoid; $6.6-8.8\times5.9-7.5~\mu m$, average $7.7\pm0.55\times6.8\pm0.5~\mu m$, Q=1.05-1.32, average 1.14 ± 0.075 ; low amyloid warts and ridges and connectives combine to form a weakly defined reticulum.

Basidia: clavate, $35 - 50 \times 8 - 12 \mu m$; mostly 4-spored but a few 2-spored. **Cheilocystidia:** fusiform; $55 - 75 \times 7 - 10 \mu m$, mostly mucronate apices.

Pleurocystidia: very numerous, fusiform, $55 - 80 \times 8 - 10 \mu m$, mostly mucronate apices.

Dermatocystidia: numerous, vermiform.

Pileipellis: a complex ixotrichoderm of hyphae and dermatocystidia interwoven.

Habitat: growing singly under Eucalyptus microcorys in wet sclerophyll forest.

Notes: a greyish *Russula* with decurrent gills does not appear to key out to any known species, more collections needed.

Collections examined: PL25410, Obi Obi Track, Baroon Pocket, Montville,

P. Leonard, 6 April 2010.