Volvariella pusilla var taylori



Volvariella pusilla var *taylori* © Fran Guard

Cap: convex; 20 – 40 mms diameter; dark brown on a pinkish background; subviscid when fresh, finely fibrillose; sulcate at margin.

Stipe: cylindrical with a clavate base; 30×2 mms; white, glabrous; volva, saccate, 4-lobed, dark brown as cap.

Gills: free; crowded; pale pink.

Flesh: white, thin in cap, solid in stipe.

Spores: pink; ellipsoid, 6 - 7 × 4 - 5 μ m (PL?), average 7.1 × 5.4 μ m (FEG2013067); smooth, with slightly thickened wall.

Cheilocystidia: clavate.

Pileipellis: a cutis of regular cylindrical hyphae.

Habitat: growing singly on well rotted log humus in a wet sclerophyll forest.

Notes: this small *Volvariella* with a brown cap and volva, free gills and pink spores should be easy to recognise. Previously recorded as *Volvaria taylori*, *V. pusilla* var *taylori* and *V. parvula*; Boekhout (Flora Agaricina Neerlandica) comments on the synonomy. Also found in Java! There are references in the Australian literature but do not appear to be any collections in Australian Herbaria.

Collections examined: AQ794044 (PL24408), Mt Cordeaux Track, Cunningham's Gap, Jon Atkinson, 24 Apr 2008; F2013067, FEG?, Dilkusha, Maleny, Fran Guard, in regenerating STRF, Jun 2013.

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