Tylopilus griseipurpureus



Tylopilus griseipurpureus © Pat Leonard

Cap: convex; 60 mm diameter; velutinate, matt; dull lilac, greyish violet (16C3,

16D3); margin entire, not appendiculate.

Stipe: clavate; $50 - 60 \times 12 - 15$ mm; finely fibrillose; concolourous with cap.

Pores: white; ovoid; 3 per mm.

Flesh: white, unchanging on exposure to air.

Spore print: pale pink.

Spores: fusiform; $8 - 11.1 \times 3.5 - 4.8 \ \mu m$, average $9.4 \pm 0.8 \times 4 \pm 0.4 \ \mu m$, $Q = 1.94 - 4.8 \ \mu m$

2.77, average Q = 2.35 + 0.26; smooth, thick walled; with one to 3 oil guttules.

Basidia: clavate; $25 - 32 \times 7 - 9$ µm; four spored, hyaline or occasionally with small

oil drops in KOH.

Cheilocystidia: langeniform; $45 - 60 \times 10 - 14 \mu m$; some septate? with brown

refractive contents in KOH.

Pleurocystidia:

Pileipellis: a trichoderm of fine pointed hyphae $6 - 10 \mu m$ wide.

Substrate: growing in sandy soil with *Eucalyptus maculata* and *Kunzea*.

Habitat: open Eucalypt woodland.

Notes: This purplelish brown *Tylopilus* is very close to *T. formosus*, but with much paler colours. It keys to *T.* sp 7 in Watling & Li, but the description of BRIP 9151 is not sharp enough to be certain if it is that. Corner's *T. griseipurpureus* is probably closest, he described it as 'purple-mauve' although his illustration shows a brown fungus.

Collections examined: CN73, Crow's Nest National Park, Fran Guard, 20 Apr 2013.