Tricholoma eucalypticum



Tricholoma eucalypticum © Pat Leonard

Cap: convex, 50 - 120 mms diameter; a dark fulvous brown with reddish brown towards the margin; shiny and covered in adpressed fibrils that split to form small scales near centre; margin inrolled at first.

Stipe: cylindrical or attenuated downwards; $25 - 70 \times 15 - 25$ mm, pale cream tinted with the cap colours; some fibrils on lower 2/3rds giving a ring zone effect in some specimens. **Gills:** sinuate or adnexed; crowded, cream coloured but spotting tobacco brown with age.

Flesh: white, firm.
Spore print:: white.

Spores: ellipsoid; $5 - 6 \times 3 - 4 \mu m$, Q= 1.4; thin walled, inamyloid.

Cystidia: cheilocystidia scarce, clavate.

Pileipellis: a cutis of hyphae \pm 4 µm wide, some hyphae (fibrils) having brown pigments. **Habitat:** growing in soil small groups under a variety of *Eucalyptus* species in wet and dry sclerophyll forests.

Notes: this appears to be by far the most common *Tricholoma* in Queensland occurring over a range of habitats, there is however only one collection at the Queensland Herbarium. **Collections examined:** PL 17507, Palmwoods, 27 May 2007; PL 60607, Noosa, 23 June 2007.