Phylloporus 'tamborine'



Phylloporus 'tamborine' © Megan Prance

**Cap:** planoconvex to applanate; 30 mm diameter; velutinate, areolate; grey brown to reddish brown, margin entire, not appendiculate.

**Stipe:** cylindrical, tapering slightly toward base with a sub-bulbous foot;  $30 - 35 \times 4$  mm; more or less glabrous; yellowish white at apex, with a red brown band, then pale whitish below, overlain with grey brown striations in the centre of the stipe.

**Gills:** sinuate; golden yellow; a few anastomizing; lamellulae present in 2 series; interviening absent; gills bruising blue green.

Flesh: white, slightly blue green on cutting.

**Chemical tests:** + KOH = brown. **Spore print**: olivaceous brown.

**Spores:** boletoid, amygdaliform;  $15.4 - 19.1 \times 5 - 7.1$  µm, average  $17.3 \pm 1.15 \times 6.1 \pm 0.5$  µm, Q = 2.4 - 3.4, average Q =  $2.83 \pm 0.27$ ; thick walled, yellow brown in KOH.

**Basidia:** clavate;  $40 - 50 \times 10 - 12 \mu m$ ; with cloudy contents; four spored, sterigmata to 5  $\mu m$ .

**Pleurocystidia:** cylindrical to narrowly clavate;  $30 - 50 \times 7.5 - 11$  µm; hyaline, thin walled

**Cheilocystidia:** scarce, lageniform;  $80 - 110 \times 12 - 16 \mu m$ ; hyaline.

**Pileipellis:** a trichoderm.

**Substrate:** growing about 30 cm off the ground on the bark of a living *Eucalyptus microcorys*.

**Habitat:** rainforest with *Eucalyptus* merging in to wet Eucalypt forest.

**Collections examined:** PL5412, Palmwoods National Park, Mt Tamborine, Megan Prance, 7 Apr 2012.

**Notes:** There are several unusual features that make this *Phylloporus* distinctive: sinuate blue green staining gills, growing on wood and the velutinate cap. It is close to *P. hyperion*, but that has decurrent gills and so does *P. orientalis*. The spores are larger than for any of the species listed by Watling & Gregory so it must be assumed this is an undescribed species.