Phylloporus foliiporus



Phylloporus foliiporus © Pat Leonard

Cap: : convex with a slight umbo; 28 - 70 mm diameter; glabrous and dry, with some fine scales near margin; dark brown (7F5), reddish brown (9D3-8), chestnut, fading to pale brown and sometimes margin paler.

Stipe: tapering with a slight bulb at base; $30 - 40 \times 8 - 10$ mm; pale brown with slightly darker but scarce squamules;

Gills: decurrent, bright golden yellow; lamellulae present; fleetingly green then black on bruising.

Flesh: thick white, staining pale pinkish brown in cap darker brown in lower half of stipe.

Smell: pleasant, boletoid. **Spore print:** greenish brown.

Spores: fusoid; $7.6 - 9.1 \times 3.4 - 4.8 \ \mu m$, average $8.4 \pm 0.5 \times 4 \pm 0.4 \ \mu m$, $Q = 1.85 - 4.8 \ \mu m$

2.47, average $Q = 2.10 \pm 0.2$.

Basidia: clavate, $\pm 50 \times 9$ µm, four spored.

Cheilocystidia: clavate

Pleurocystidia:

Dermatocystidia: absent.

Pileipellis: a trichoderm of septate cells narrowing towards the septa.

Habitat: in wet sclerophyl forest under Eucalyptus, but the Aberdeen collection was apparently under Acacia.

Notes: Watling retains this as a separate species but seems to relate it to *P. clelandii* which is a much more robust species with larger spores. The combination of the cyanescent reaction to bruising, dark brown cap colour and short spores define these collections.

Collections examined: BRIP 10283, Goodna, 19 iii 1975, J.E.C. Aberdeen, 19 Mar 1975; PL130315, Cooloolabin Forest, Pat Leonard, 7 Mar 2015.