Scleroderma paradoxum



Scleroderma paradoxum © Bruce Fuhrer

Fruit body: pyriform, subglobose, or lobed, tuber like; 5 - 15 mm diameter; covered in rounded warts which wash off (fall off?) leaving a pattern; pale to dark brown. **Stipe:** absent but with numerous white branched rhizomorphs.

Gleba: purplish brown almost black with white tramal plates embedded (but not

chambered).

Flesh: thin, up to 1 mm, whitish. **Spore print:** very dark brown.

Spores: globose; $8 - 19 \times 8 - 19 \mu m$; densely covered in spines to 3.5 μm high.

Basidia: 3 or four spored, spores sessile. **Habitat:** solitary in *Eucalyptus* forests.

Notes: this small earthball was at first thought not to be a *Scleroderma*, hence its name. It is small, the spores are globose but very variable in size, but have large spines that cover the whole spore.

Collections examined: reported to be collected in Queensland but there is no collection under this name in BRI, nor is it under *Scleroderma* sp, so it may have been misidentified.