Russula kalimna



Russula kalimna © Sapphire McMullan Fisher

Cap: convex at first, then centrally depressed; 55 - 85 mm diameter; velutinate; brownish grey at first then violet grey (17B2, 17C2) with paler, velar like remains, forming an areolate layer; margin rimose; hardly peeling.

Stipe: cylindrical or tapering towards base; $40 - 65 \times 15 - 22$ mm; striate; white to cream, sometimes with a pink tint towards the base; chambered.

Gills: subdecurrent, white to pale cream, some gills anastomizing; lamellulae absent.

Flesh: white to pale cream, unchanging.

Taste: mild.

Chemical reactions: FeSo4 on stipe: salmon; guaiac on stipe base: negative.

Spore print: white.

Spores: broadly ellipsoid; $6.5 - 8.6 \times 4.8 - 8.1 \,\mu\text{m}$, average $7.3 \pm 0.5 \times 6.2 \pm 0.7 \,\mu\text{m}$; Q = 1.1 - 1.4, average 1.2 ± 0.09 ; broad amyloid warts, cattenate ridges and some fine lines forming a partial reticulum; subhilar appendage absent; apiculus oblique.

Basidia: clavate; $35 - 50 \times 8 - 10 \mu m$; four spored.

Cheilocystidia: fusoid, thin walled, $45 - 60 \times 6 - 10 \mu m$; many rostrate.

Pleurocystidia: similar to cheilocystidia but less frequent.

Dermatocystidia: absent.

Pileipellis: a trichoderm to ixotrichoderm.

Habitat: under *Eucalyptus grandis* in Auraucarian microphyl forest.

Notes: the areolate cap with violaceous to pink and pale violet grey colours and a white stem allow *R. kalimna* to be identified in the field..

Collections examined: SMF 2349, Doggrell Loop Track, Kin Kin, Sapphire McMullan Fisher, 5 Jan 2009; SMF 2373, Doggerel Loop, Kin Kin, Sapphire McMullan Fisher, 8 January 2010; CH027, Chermside Hills Nature reserve, Brisbane, Pat Leonard, 31 Mar 2012.