Panaeollus antillarum



Panaeolus antillarum © Pat Leonard

Cap: subglobose to parabolic; 20 - 40 mm diameter; glabrous; dry, white at first becoming somewhat grey with age.

Stipe: cylindrical; $60 - 90 \times 4 - 5$ mm; glabrous or minutely pruinose; white; may be striate at apex.

Gills: adnate; crowded; pale grey at first becoming mottled and then black with a pale margin.

Flesh: thin, white, unchanging on exposure to air.

Taste:

Spore print: brownish black to black.

Spores: ellipsoid or somewhat hexagonal; $15-20\times10-14~\mu m$, average $17\pm1.8\times10^{-20}$

 $12 \pm 1.2 \mu m$, average Q = 1.2; smooth; with germ pore.

Basidia: clavate; $20 - 28 \times 14 - 18 \mu m$; four spored.

Pleurocystidia: broadly clavate, numerous, some with a mucronate apex.

Pileipellis: an epithelium of rounded cells.

Substrate: horse and cow dung. **Habitat:** in grazed paddocks.

Notes: recognised by its tall habit, subglobose white or pale grey cap and its presence

on horse or cow dung.

Collections examined: BT15, Clark's Farm, Bellthorps, ???, 16 Mar 2014.