

Agaricus aff pilatianus



Agaricus aff pilatianus © Pat Leonard

Cap: convex but irregular; 65 – 85 mm diameter; glabrous, but breaking in to broad scales in centre when old; chalky white but seems to bruise brown; margin entire on emergence but splitting with age.

Stipe: cylindrical or distinctly tapering towards base; 60 – 80 × 15 mm; glabrous; white; ring distinctly thickened, triangular, and persistent, white; ring circa 0.6 of height of stipe; base of stipe yellows on bruising.

Gills: free; greyish pink at first, becoming chocolate brown; crowded; lamellulae rare.

Flesh: white in cap and upper stipe, bright yellow towards base of stipe, but yellow fading quite rapidly after exposure to air.

Smell: strong, carbolic soap.

Spores: dark brown; ellipsoid; 4.8 – 5.6 × 3.2 – 4 µm, average 5.2 ± 0.3 × 3.5 ± 0.2 µm, Q = 1.5.

Basidia: clavate, four-spored.

Cheilocystidia: clavate to ovoid; septate, cattenate (in chains).

Pleurocystidia: absent.

Pileipellis:

Habitat: in small groups in dry sclerophyll forest with *Corymbia cytriadora*

Notes: one of a group of *Agaricus* species in the Section *xanthodermi* that appear in Queensland forests. This is close to the European *Agaricus pilatianus* described by Nauta on page 55 of *Flora Agaricina Neerlandica* but differs by having smaller spores. It is thought that this is a synonym of *Agaricus iodosmus* Hienem. The cylindrical or tapering stipe separates it from *Agaricus xanthodermus* in the field, but this needs to be confirmed microscopically by checking the cheilocystidia are cattenate (in chains).

Collections examined: PL51310, South West Brisbane Park, Pat Leonard, 13 March 2010.