

Clavulina tasmanica



Clavulina tasmanica © Pat Leonard

Fruiting body: irregular club, single, in pairs or occasionally in threes; 15 – 25 × 3 – 5 mm; rugulose (lumpy); widening towards apex; greyish brown (9E4); browning at apex.

Stipe: a short and much paler area at the base of the club is sterile and might be described as a stipe.

Flesh:

Spore print: white

Spores: subglobose; 6 – 8 µm; smooth.

Basidia: slender; 50 – 80 × 6 – 9 µm; two spored; sterigmata incurved like horns.

Substrate: growing on a bare clay bank in an area prone to flooding.

Habitat: wet sclerophyl forest dominated by Eucalypts.

Notes: this small grey brown club is difficult to see. It has been reported in Queensland previously and is clearly close to Corner's description of the species but it is not growing on wood. *C. rugosa* can take this form but normally has some pink colouration and has larger spores.

Collections examined: PL146313, Mt Mee National Park, Pat Leonard, 28 Mar 2013.