

Boletellus emodensis



Boletellus emodensis © Sapphire McMullan Fisher

Cap: hemispherical then convex or planoconvex; 40-100 mms diameter; red or pale brown with coarse pyramidal, flattened, fluffy, \pm imbricate scales or coarse aggregates of collapsed fibrils, with appendiculate margin.

Stipe: cylindrical to clavate; 50 - 150 \times 8 - 10 mm (base 10 - 15 mm); uniformly pale, slightly reddish, brown or pink at apex or red with longitudinal striations.

Pores: greenish yellow, old gold, depressed about the stipe; pores yellow brown to yellow, circular, c. 1-2 per mm.

Flesh: pale, blueing on injury.

Spore print: yellowish green?

Spores: elongate fusoid; 16 - 21 \times 6.5 - 10 μ m; with suprahilar depression and longitudinal furrows (costae) not all furrows running full length of spore, 8-10 furrows in each optical section and linked by fine cross striae.

Cheilocystidia: absent.

Pileipellis: composed of short, segmented, brick-like hyphae to 13.5 μ m broad, periodically thrown into agglutinated scales.

Habitat: Terrestrial or on or about stumps and fallen trunks, or in 'low grassy' forest (*Eucalyptus signata* and *Angophora woodsiana*) through 'grassy' forest (*E. pilularis* and *A. woodsiana*) to 'tall' forest (*E. pilularis* and *E. intermedia*); also in rainforest (Lamington National Park) fruiting as high as 2 m above the ground on standing eucalypt.

Notes: This description is based on Watling and Li. *Boletellus emodensis* apparently the commonest species of *Boletellus* with costate spores in Queensland.

Collections examined: Queensland: (no further data), 17 ii 1981, BRIP 9137, JECA 81/195; Long Pocket, Brisbane, on log, 24 i 1973, legit J. Alcorn, BRIP 9139, JECA 73/17; PL 171208, Obi Obi Forest Track, Gretchen Evans, 11 Dec 08.