

Queensland's Stinkhorns

Some Simple Shapes to Remember



Mutinus borneensis

“Naked” = *Mutinus*

Three species of *Mutinus* may have been found in Queensland:

Mutinus boninensis;
Mutinus borneensis; and
Mutinus curtus.



Phallus rubicundus

“Cap” = *Phallus*

There is just one species with this shape in Queensland:

Phallus rubicundus.



Phallus indusiatus

“Veil” = *Phallus*

Two Queensland *Phallus* species have a cap with a veil hanging from it:

Phallus indusiatus and
Phallus multicolor.



Itajahya galericulata

“Pom-pom” = *Itajahya*

Itajahya have a cap with a pom-pom on top. Queensland has one species:

Itajahya galericulata



Lysurus cruciatus

“Claws” = *Lysurus*

The “claws” may stand free or be joined together at the top.

There are thought to be three species of *Lysurus* in Queensland:

Lysurus cruciatus;
Lysurus gardneri; and
Lysurus mokusin.



Lysurus mokusin



Aseroë arachnoidea

“Tentacles” = *Aseroë*

Aseroë have long arms, like tentacles.

There are two species in Queensland:

Aseroë arachnoidea
and *Aseroë rubra*.



Aseroë rubra



Anthurus brownii

“Arches” = *Anthurus* or *Pseudocolus*

The long arms of these fungi are joined at the top to make an arch.

There is just one species of *Anthurus* in Queensland:

Anthurus brownii

Queensland has two species of *Pseudocolus*:

Pseudocolus fusiformis and
Pseudocolus garciae.



Pseudocolus fusiformis



Colus pusillus

“Cage” = *Colus* or *Ileodictyon*

If you have found a red cage fungus in Queensland, you have found a *Colus*:

Colus hirsutinosus or
Colus pusillus.

If you have found a white cage fungus, you have found an *Ileodictyon*:

Ileodictyon cibarium or
Ileodictyon gracile.



Ileodictyon gracile